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Adding Time-Step Management to Distributed Ptolemy-HLAcerti framework

Yanxuan LI, Janette Cardoso, Pierre Siron

11th Biennial Ptolemy Miniconference
Berkeley, October 16, 2015

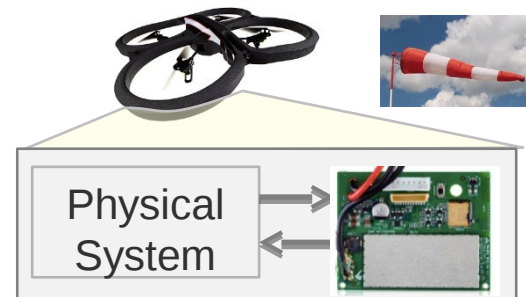
Plan

- Introduction
- High Level Architecture (HLA-CERTI)
- PTII-HLA Framework
- Example Producer/consumer (NER, TAR)
- Conclusion & Perspectives

Distributed Simulation

WHY ?

- System itself is distributed



- System is too complex and/or too much models
 - Reduce the simulation time
 - Enable larger simulations
 - Integrate several (different) simulators into a single simulation environment.

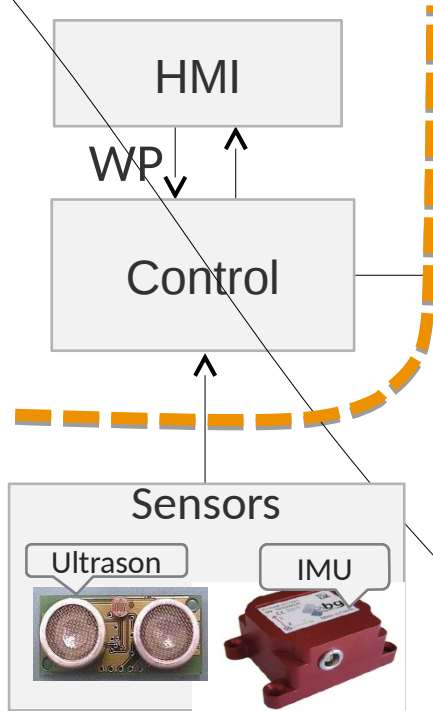
Cyber-Physical System



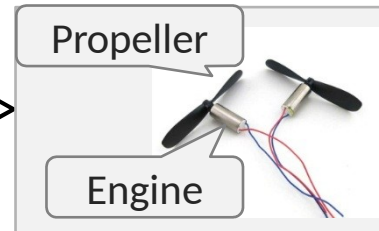
Computer
Science

Cyber

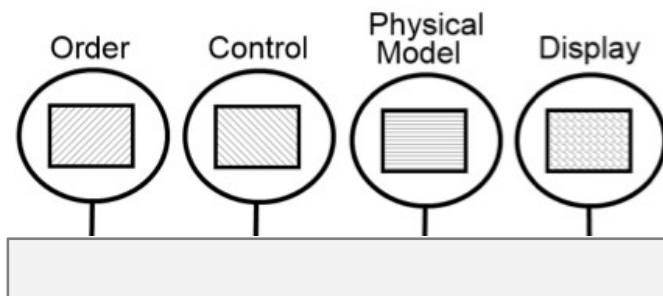
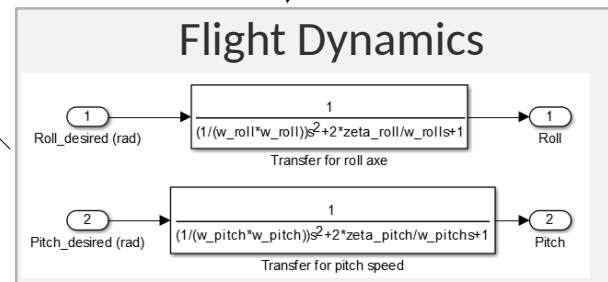
Control



Physics



≠ disciplines



- Heterogeneous models
- Distributed simulation



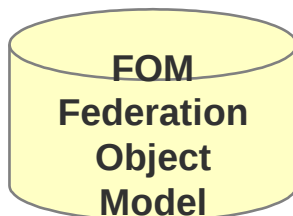
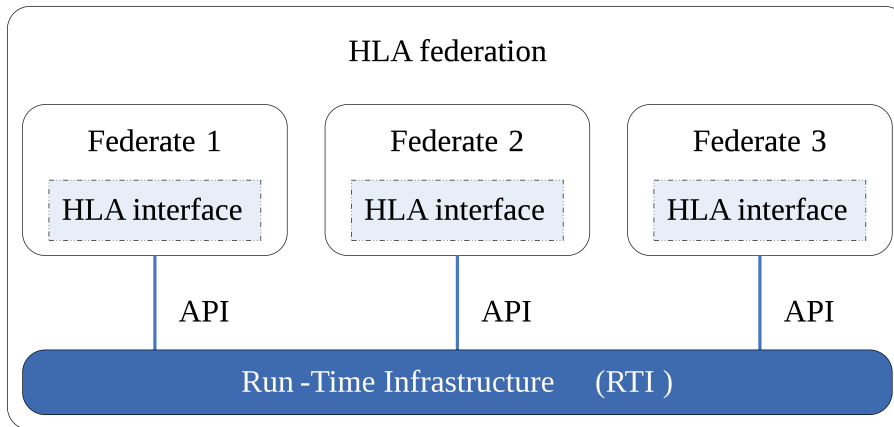
HLA **CERTI**

HLA High Level Architecture

- High Level Architecture for distributed discrete event simulations
- IEEE standard (1516)
- Interoperability and reuse

Federate = Simulator

Federation = Distributed simulation



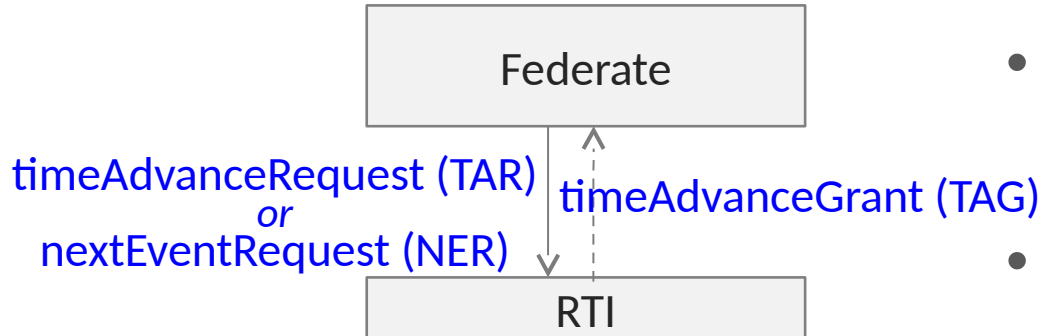
(Object: Class, Attribute)

```
(FED
(Federation QuadrirotorSimple)
(FEDversion v1.3)
(objects
(class ObjectRoot
(attribute privilegeToDelete reliable timestamp)
(class RTIprivate)
;; *****
;; QUADROTOR
;; *****
(class QUADROTOR
(attribute NAME RELIABLE TIMESTAMP)
| ;; *****
;; DRONE STATE AND VARIABLES
;; *****
(class DRONE_POSITION
(attribute X reliable timestamp)
(attribute Y reliable timestamp)
(attribute Z reliable timestamp)
)
(class DRONE_ATTITUDE
(attribute ROLL reliable timestamp)
(attribute PITCH reliable timestamp)
(attribute YAW reliable timestamp)
)
(class DRONE_CALCULATED
(attribute ROLL_CALCULATED reliable timestamp)
(attribute PITCH_CALCULATED reliable timestamp)
(attribute YAW_CALCULATED reliable timestamp)
)
(class DRONE_POWER
(attribute THRUST reliable timestamp)
)
;; *****
;; AUTOPILOT
;; *****
(class AUTOPILOT
(attribute INIT reliable timestamp)
(attribute X_ORDER reliable timestamp)
(attribute Y_ORDER reliable timestamp)

```

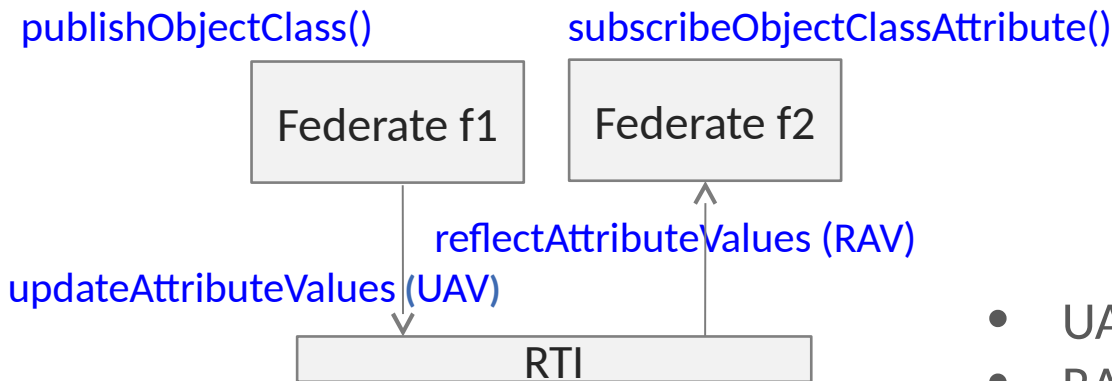
Areas	Services	Description (non-formal)
Federation	createFederationExecution() joinFederationExecution() resignFederationExecution() destroyFederationExecution() registerFed...Sync...Point() sync...PointReg...Succeeded()★ announceSynchro...Point() ★ synchronizationPointAchieved() federationSynchronized() ★ tick()	create a federation join a federation quit a federation destroy a federation register a synchronization point register synchro point succeeded wait a synchronization point release from a synchro. point announce synchronization allow to get callbacks from RTI
Declaration	publishObjectClass() subscribeObj..ClassAttributes() unsubscribeObjectClass() unpublishObjectClass()	declare publication of a class subscribe to a class unsubscribe to a class unpublish a class
Object	registerObjectInstance() discoverObjectInstance() ★ updateAttributeValues(), UAV reflectAttributeValues() RAV ★	register an object instance for object instances discovering send & update value receive updated value
Time	enableTimeRegulation() timeRegulationEnabled() ★ enableTimeConstrained() timeConstrainedEnabled() ★ timeAdvanceRequest(), TAR timeAdvanceGrant() TAG ★ nextEventRequest(), NER	declare federate is regulator federate as regulator succeeded declare federate constrained federate as constrained succeeded ask to advance federate's time notify time advancement granted ask to advance federate's time

HLA Time Management



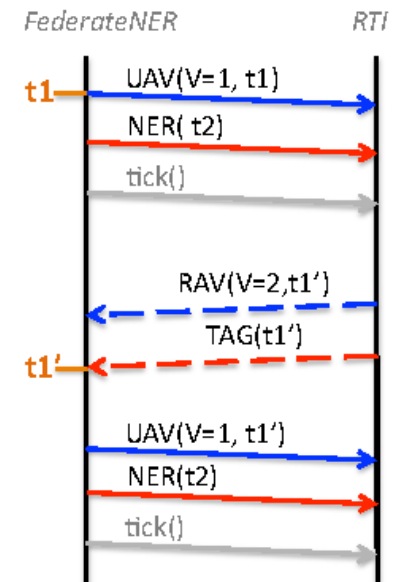
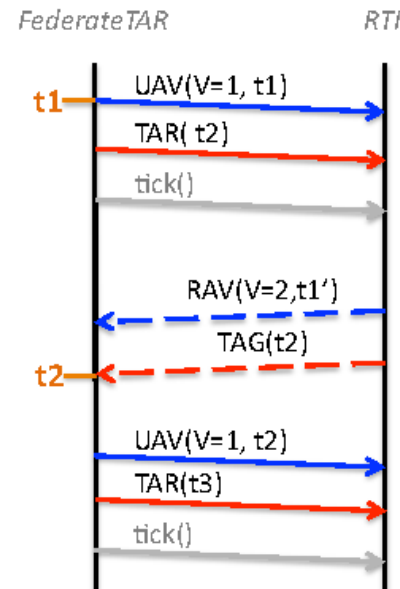
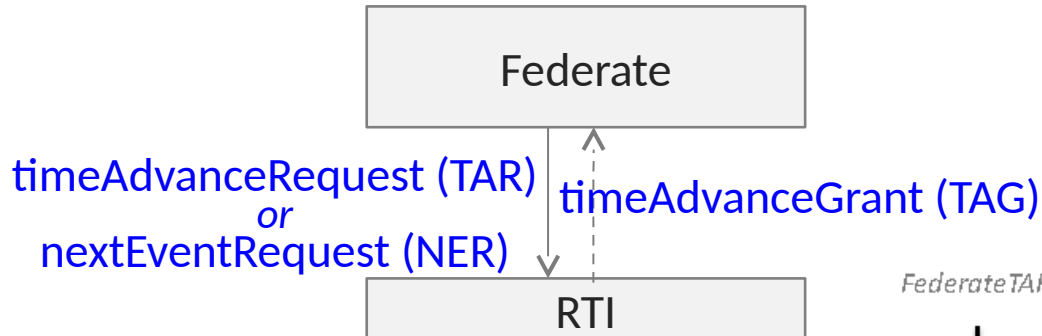
- Time Advancing mechanisms: the federation will be conservative, deterministic and repeatable.
- The federates can be:
 - Time-Stepped (TAR)
 - Event-Driven (NER)

HLA Object Management

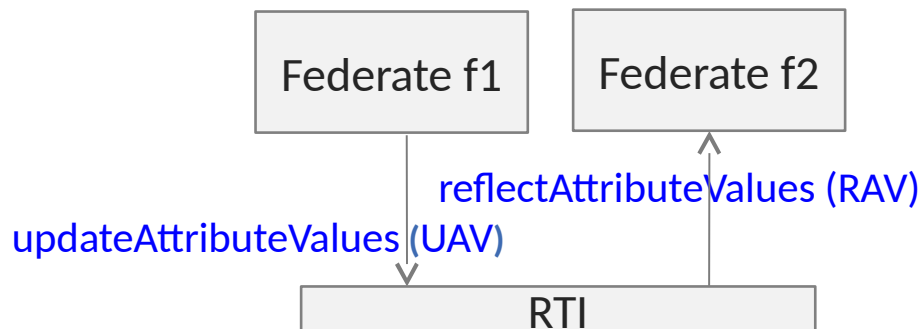


- UAV(object,attribute,timestamp)
- RAV(object,attribute,timestamp)

HLA Time Management



HLA Object Management



Bridges between PTII and HLA standard

PTII	HLA standard
Model Instance	Federate
Model Time: t	Logical Time: Lt
Data (Token)	Data (Attribute of an object class instance)
Event $e(t, n, val)$	Event $e(obj, val, Lt)$
Director advances time	RTI advances time
Input & Output ports	HlaPublisher + HlaSubscriber (UAV+RAV)

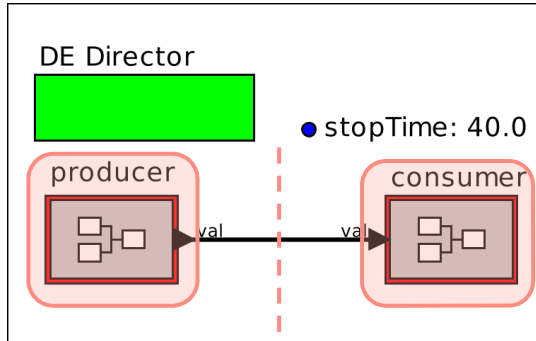
Time Management

- Time advancing in Ptolemy > uses the advancing time services of HLA
- Interface between DE director and RTI: decorator **HlaManager**

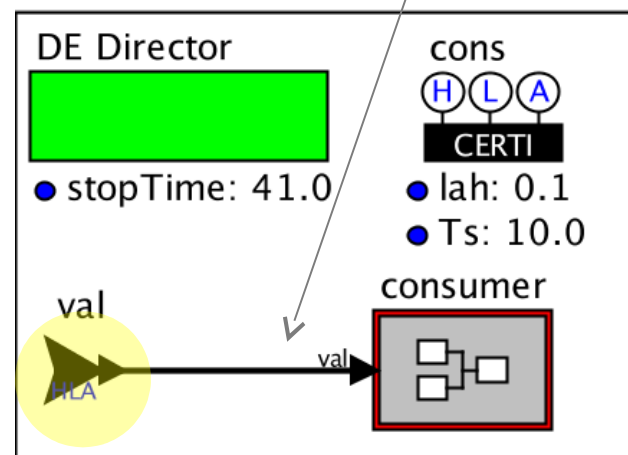
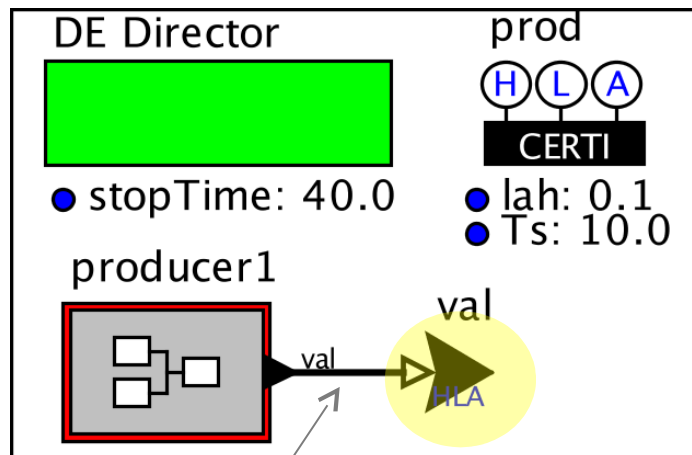
Object Management -> actors for translating:

- A ptll-event from an out-port to a UAV service: new actor **HlaPublisher**
- RAV service from RTI to a ptll-event in an in-port: new actor **HlaSubscriber**

PtII-HLA framework



$$e(t'' = f_{rav}(g_{uav}(Lt')) n, val)$$



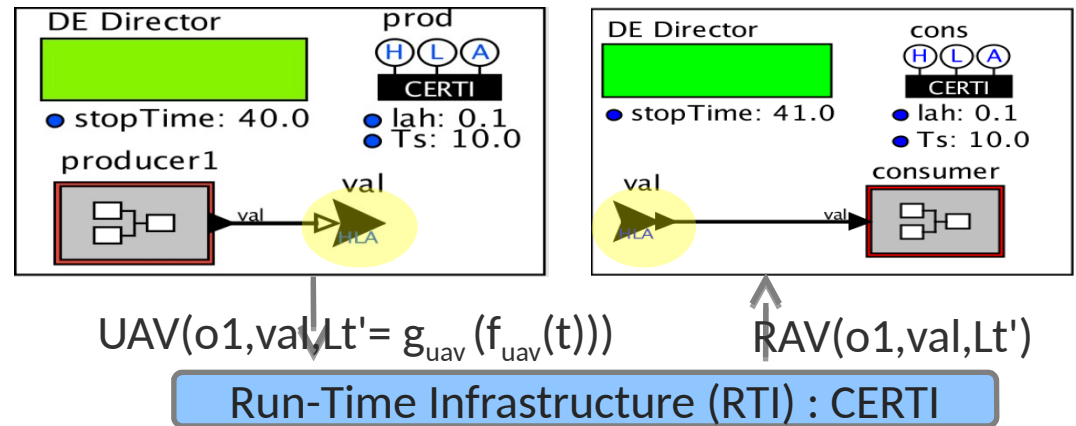
$$e(t, n, val)$$

$$UAV(o1, val, Lt' = g_{uav}(f_{uav}(t)))$$

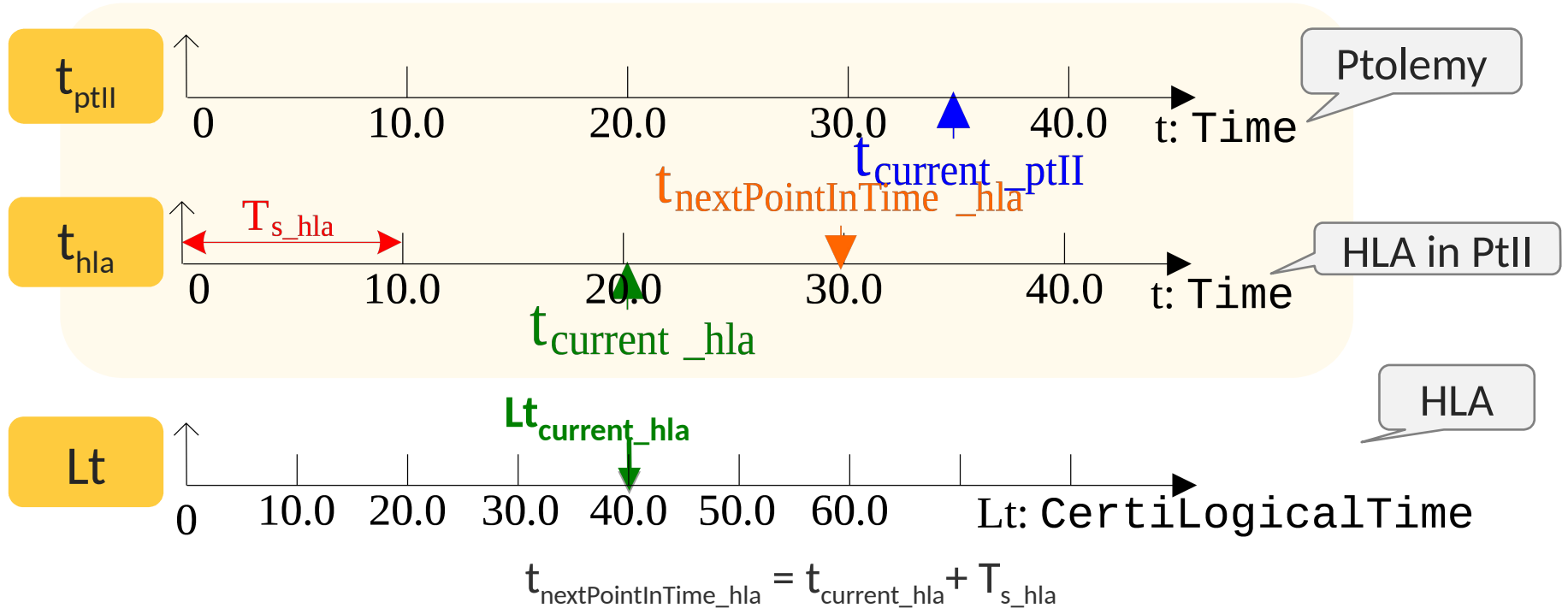
$$RAV(o1, val, Lt')$$

Run-Time Infrastructure (RTI) : CERTI

PtII-HLA framework



Time lines



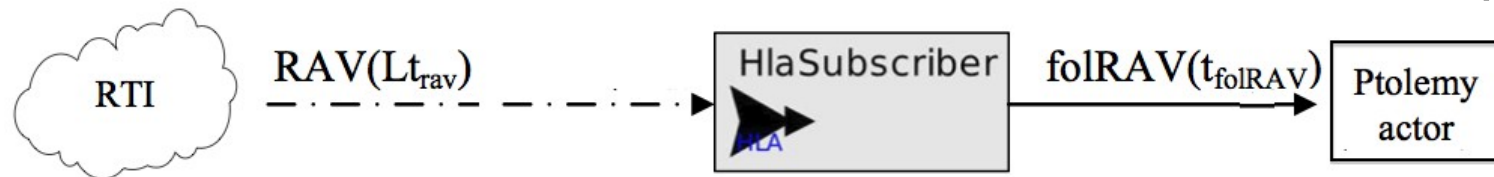
PtII-HLA framework

Sending



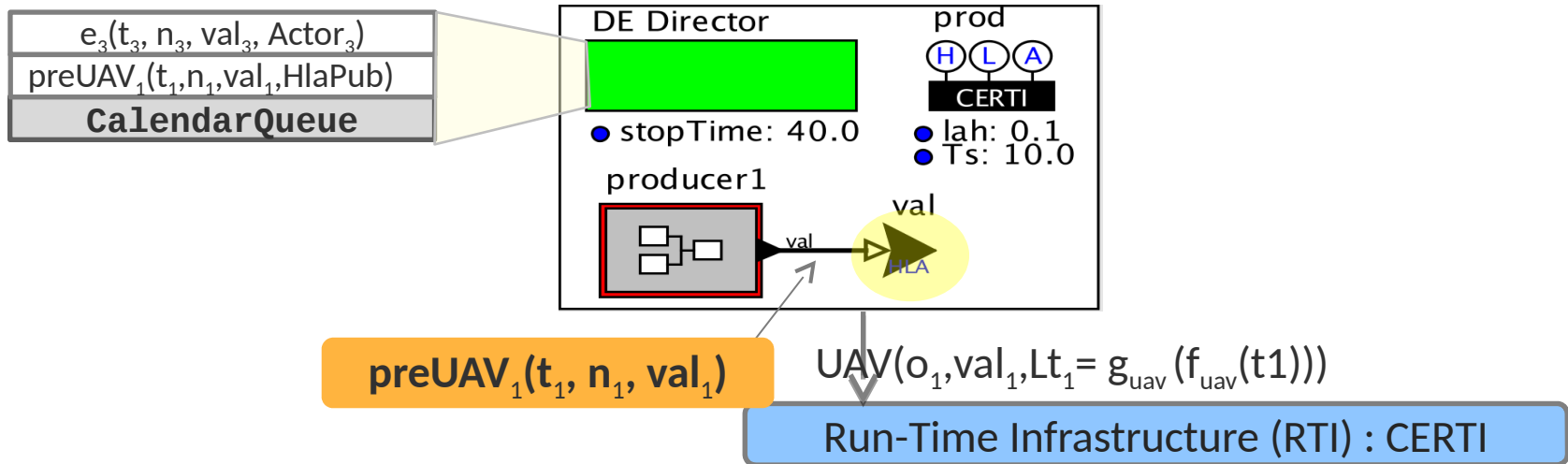
$\text{preUAV}(t_{\text{preUAV}}: \text{Time}) \xrightarrow{f_{\text{UAV}}} \text{pUAV}(t_{\text{uav}}: \text{Time}) \xrightarrow{g_{\text{UAV}}} \text{UAV}(Lt_{\text{uav}}: \text{CertiLogicalTime})$
ptolemy-event *uav-event* TSO messages

Receiving

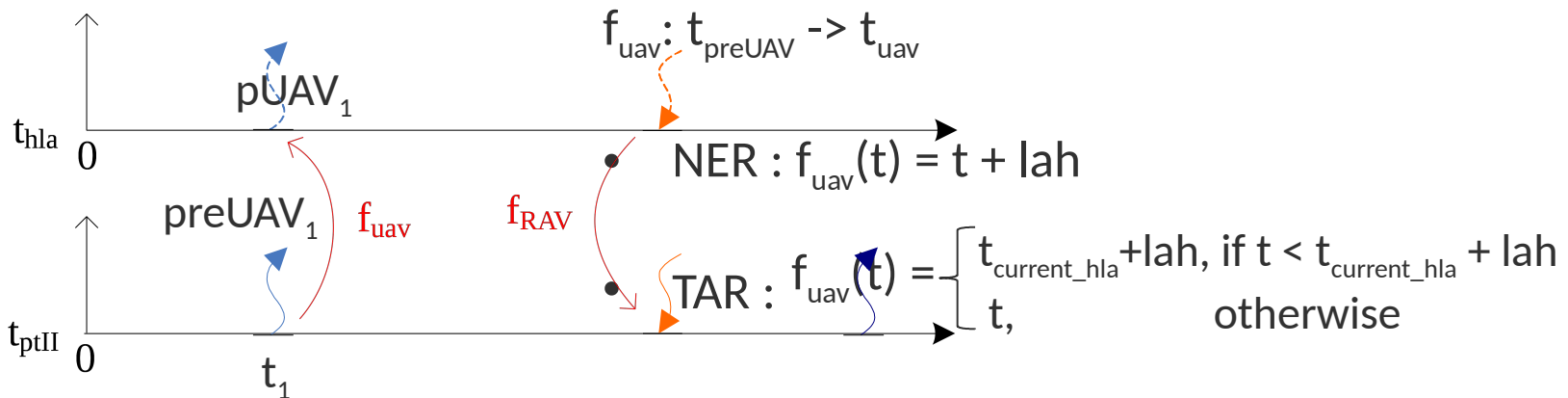
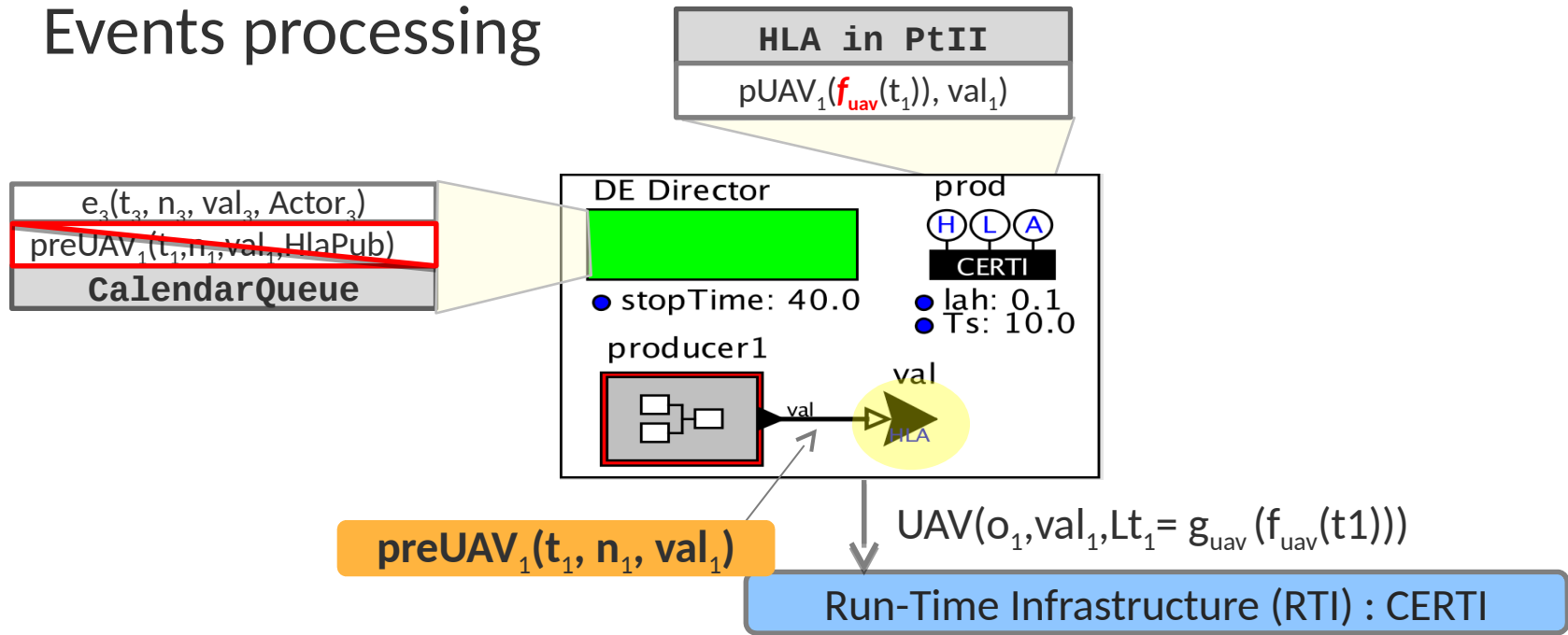


$\text{RAV}(Lt_{\text{rav}}: \text{CertiLogicalTime}) \xrightarrow{g_{\text{RAV}}} \text{pRAV}(t_{\text{rav}}: \text{Time}) \xrightarrow{J_{\text{RAV}}} \text{folRAV}(t_{\text{folRAV}}: \text{Time})$
 TSO messages *rav-event* *ptolemy-event*

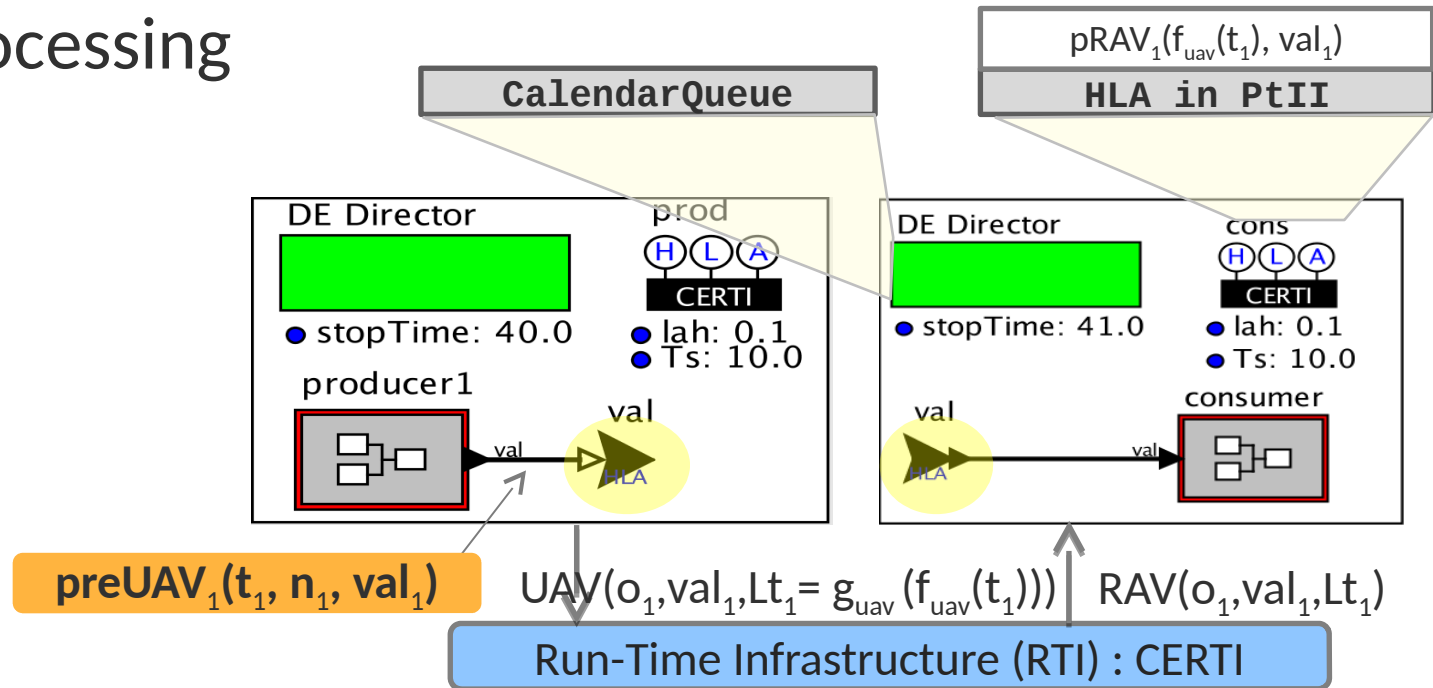
Events processing



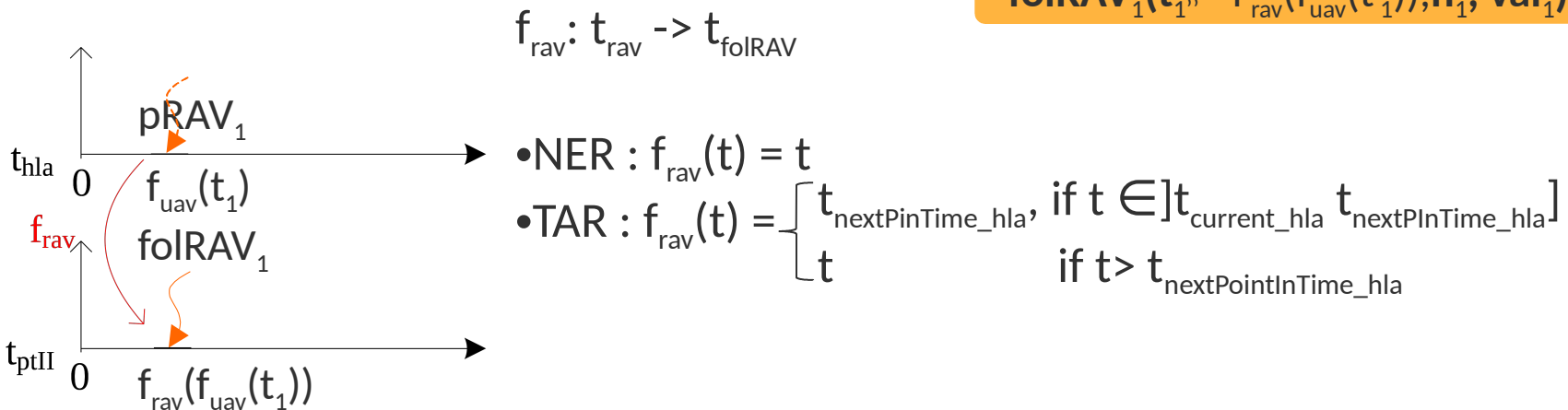
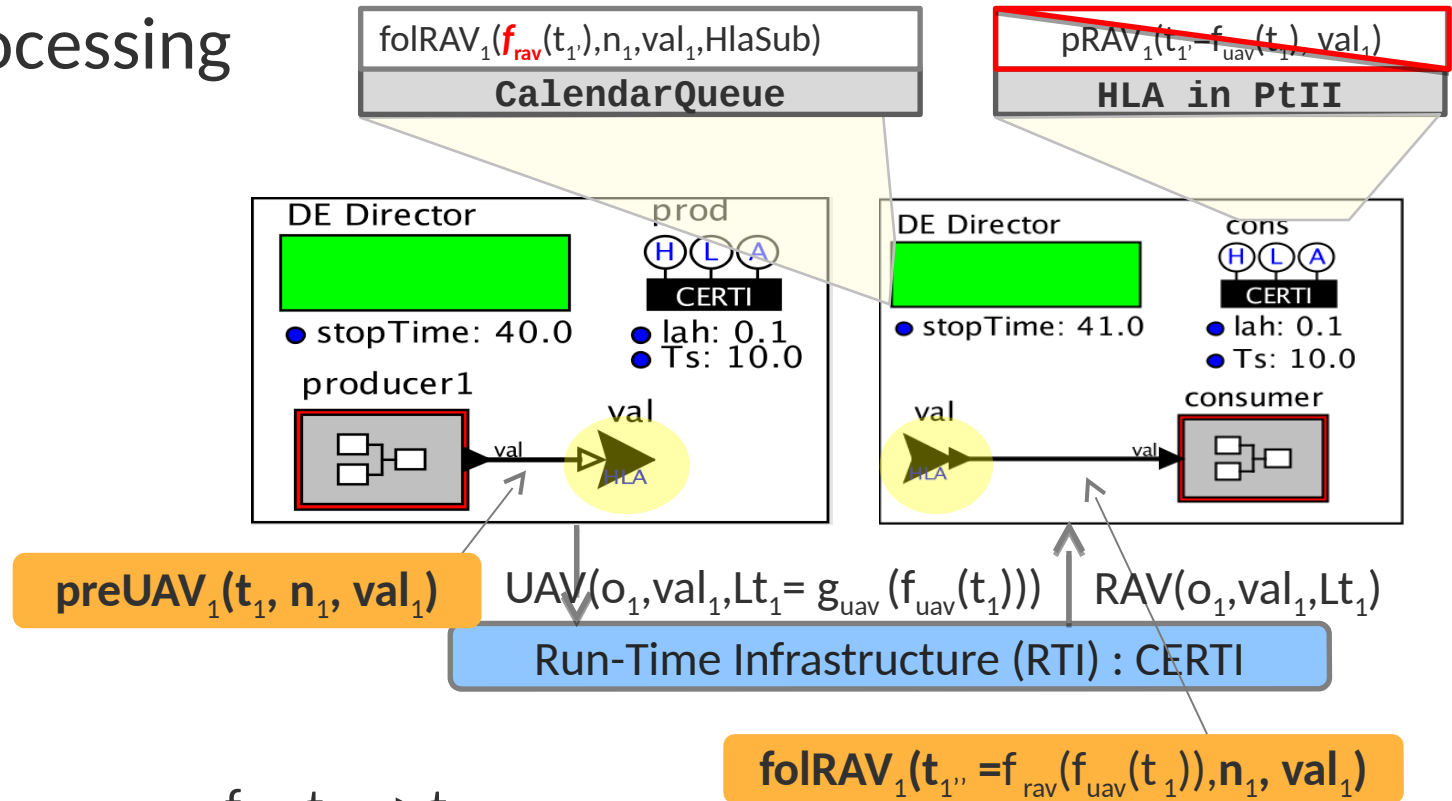
Events processing



Events processing

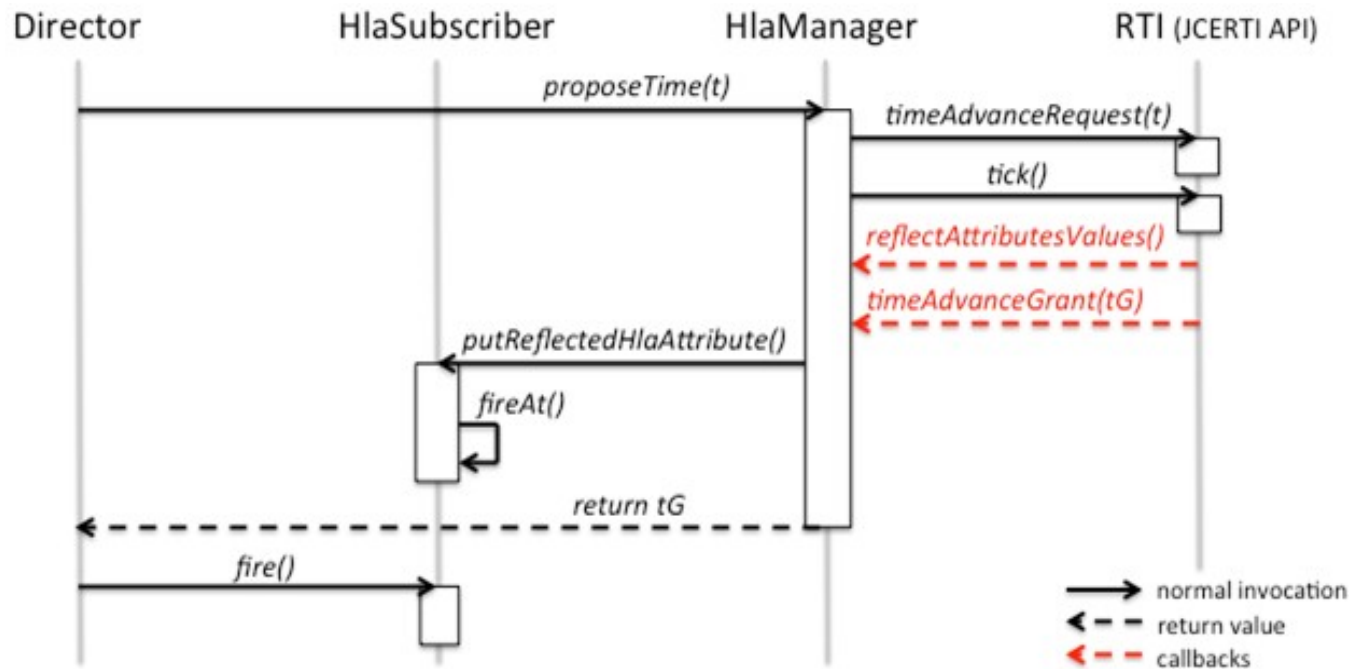


Events processing

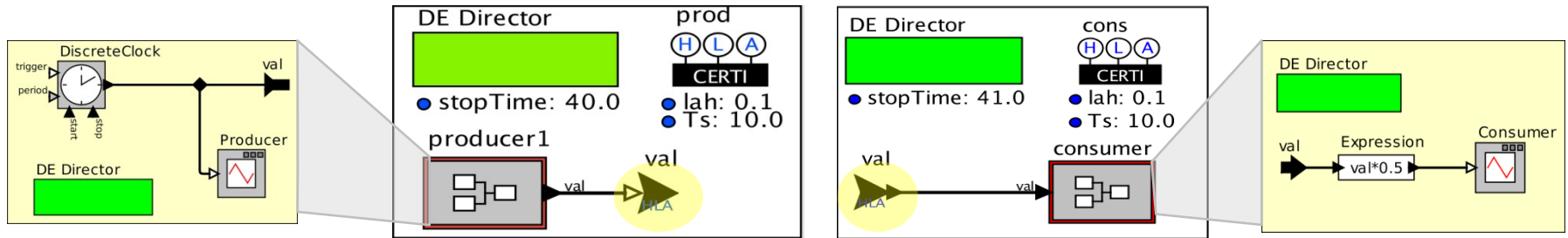


Data Management with timestamps

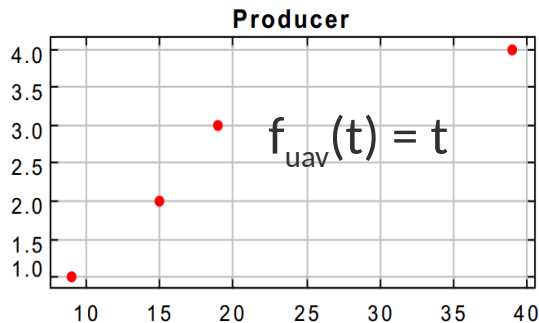
- Time "synchronization"
 - A local PtlI event is safely computed if no (external) HLA events can arrive with a smaller timestamp
 - A PtlI federate declares its time advancement proposal to the federation through **proposeTime()**



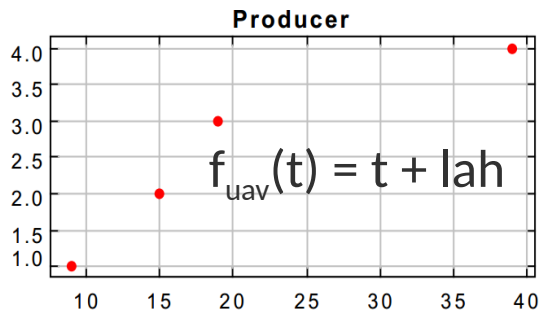
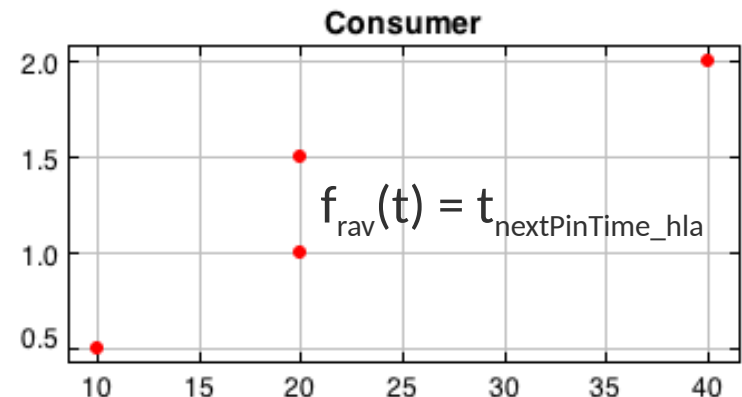
Distributed Producer/Consumer



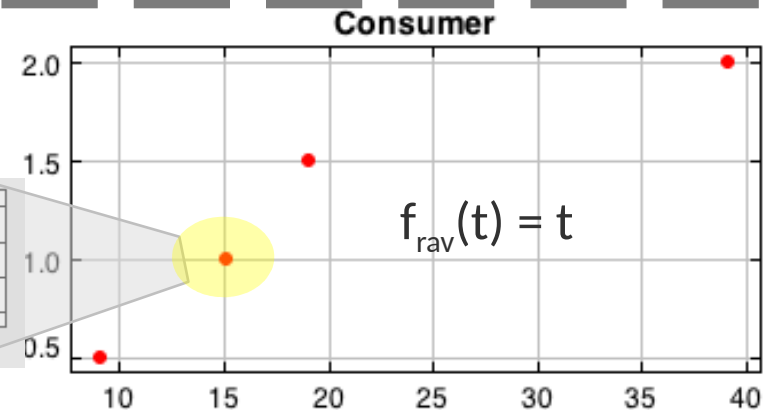
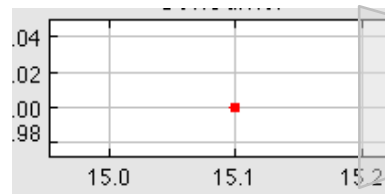
$e_1(9, 1, 1.0), e_2(15, 1, 2.0) e_3(19, 1, 3.0), e_4(39, 1, 4.0)$



TAR



NER



Conclusion

- An easy way to produce a HLA federate from a Ptolemy model
- A way to distribute the execution of a Ptolemy model + hardware-in-the-loop
- Time management extend for time-stepped federates (TAR mechanism)
- On-going work, started with G. Lasnier, J. Cardoso, P. Siron, C. Pagetti and P. Derler. Distributed simulation of heterogeneous and real-time systems. In DS-RT13.

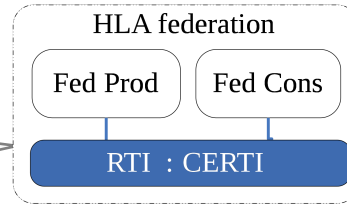
Perspectives

- Compare TAR and NER performance and define related applications
- Implement TARA and NERA mechanisms: TAR and NER with lookahead = 0.
- Make a more complex application: multi-periodic flight controller ROSACE (Research Open-Source Avionics and Control Engineering).

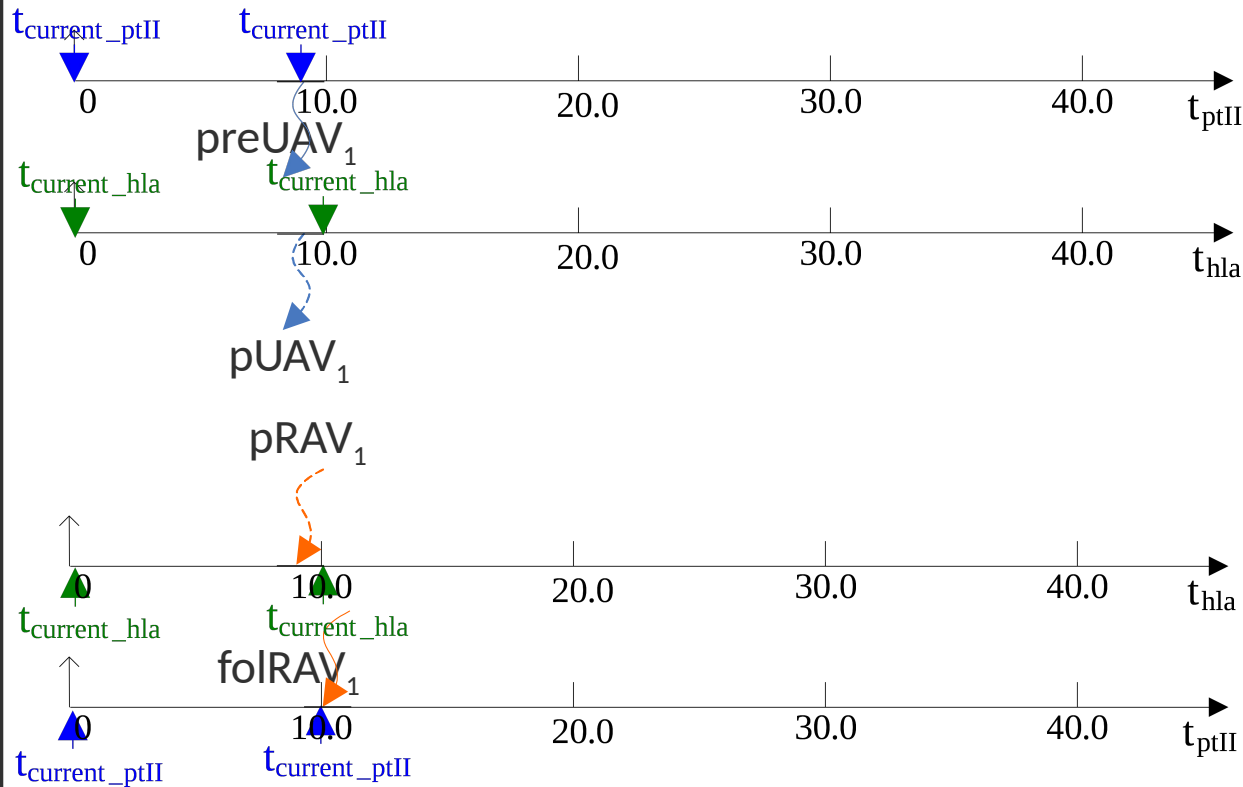
Thank you for your attention.

Distributed Simulation

$T_s = 10$, $lah = 0.1$, TAR



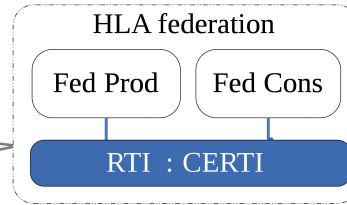
Events List $e_1(9, 1, 1.0)$, $e_2(15, 1, 2.0)$, $e_3(19, 1, 3.0)$, $e_4(39, 1, 4.0)$



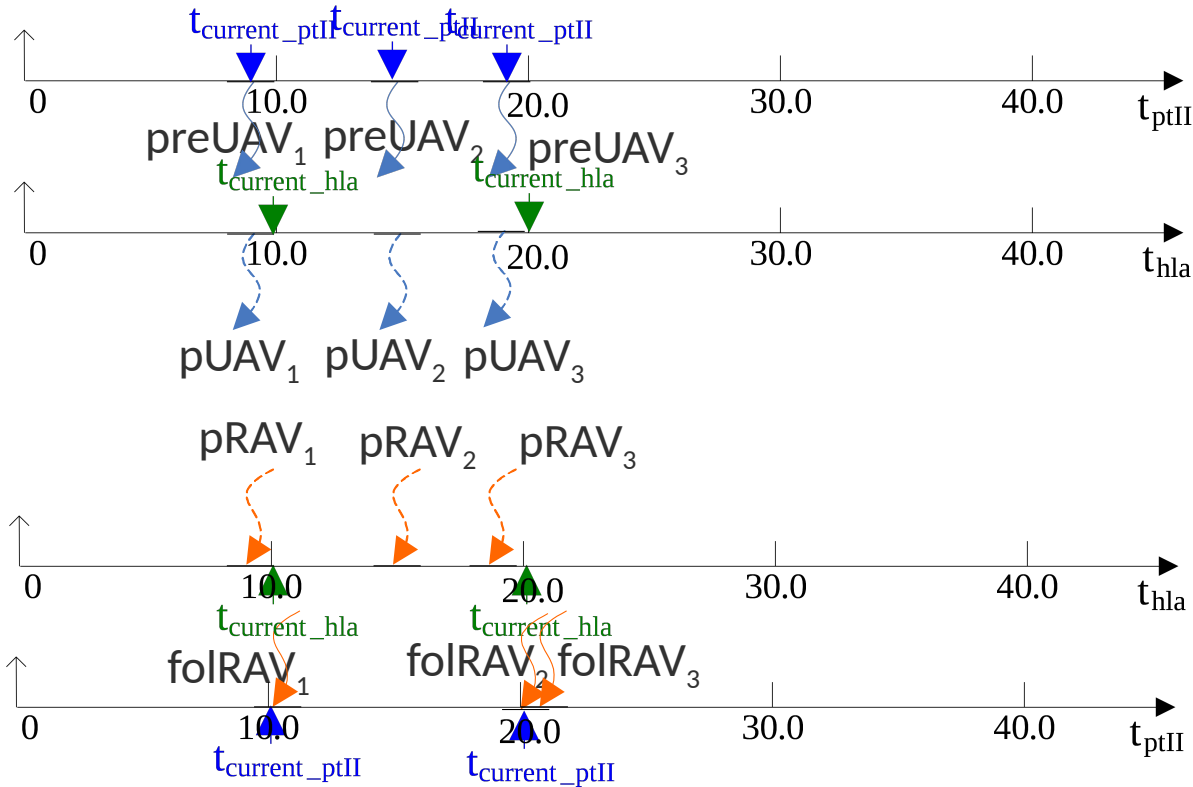
Events List $e_1(10, 1, 0.5)$

Distributed Simulation

$T_s = 10$, $lah = 0.1$, TAR



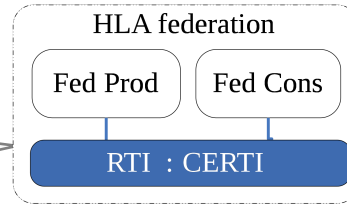
Events List $e_1(9, 1, 1.0)$, $e_2(15, 1, 2.0)$, $e_3(19, 1, 3.0)$, $e_4(39, 1, 4.0)$



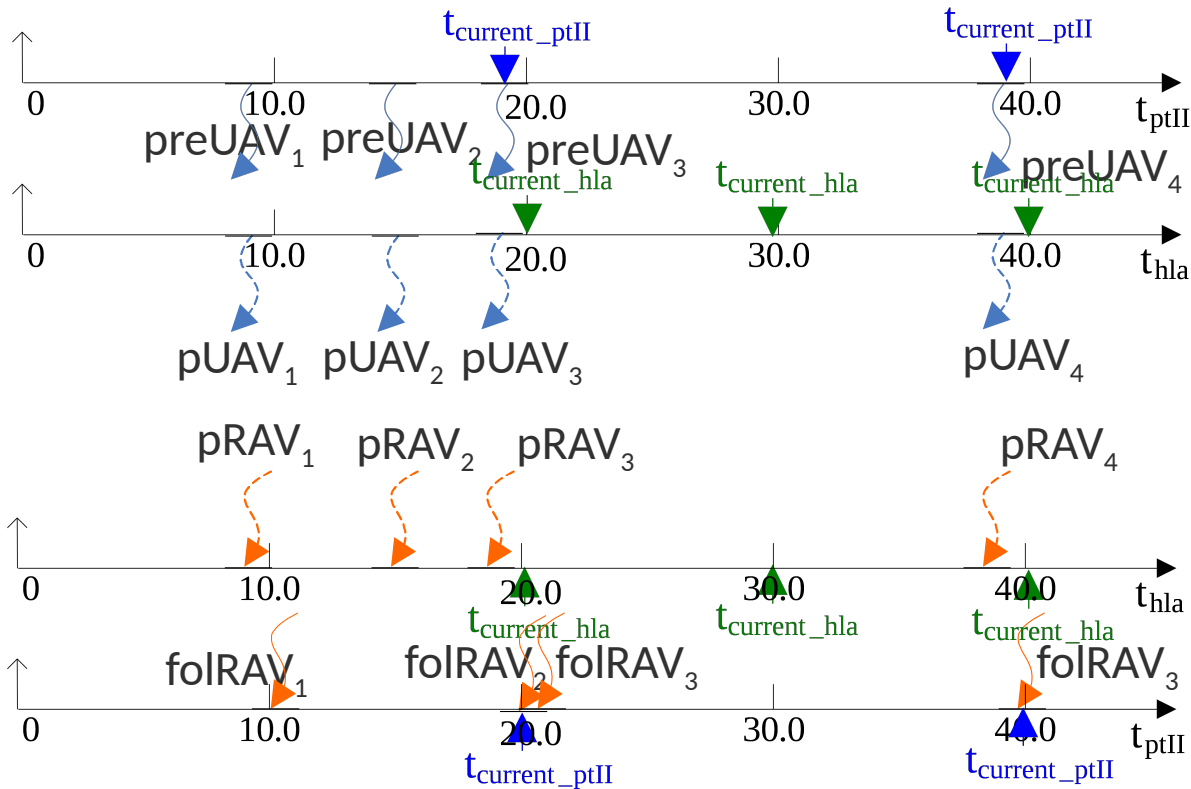
Events List $e_1(10, 1, 0.5)$, $e_2(20, 1, 1.0)$, $e_3(20, 2, 1.5)$

Distributed Simulation

$T_s = 10$, $lah = 0.1$, TAR



Events List $e_1(9, 1, 1.0)$, $e_2(15, 1, 2.0)$, $e_3(19, 1, 3.0)$, $e_4(39, 1, 4.0)$



Events List $e_1(10, 1, 0.5)$, $e_2(20, 1, 1.0)$, $e_3(20, 2, 1.5)$, $e_4(40, 1, 2.0)$

Algorithms of time management

Algorithms		HLA	HLA/C ERTI	PTII/ HLA
Optimistic	Jefferson 85	X	Non	Non
Conservative 1 st generation	Chandy, Misra & Bryan 79 (lookahead > 0)	X	X	X
Conservative 2 nd generation	State global computation, Mattern	X	Non	Other RTI?
	Null Prime Message protocol	X	X	X

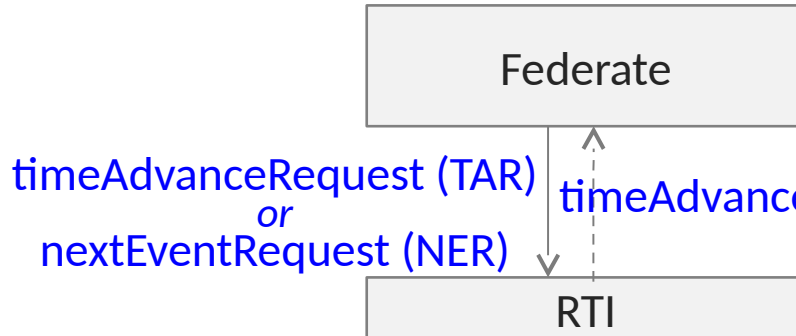
Superdense time?

- In accordance with the HLA standard, time representation could be PtII superdense time
 - A requirement ?
 - Requires very high C++ skills
- Sometimes, events with the same HLA timestamp are transformed in events with different PtII timestamps
- Actor's ranking
 - Lost in the distribution
 - Problems for an automatic distribution of PtII (work in progress)

Reference

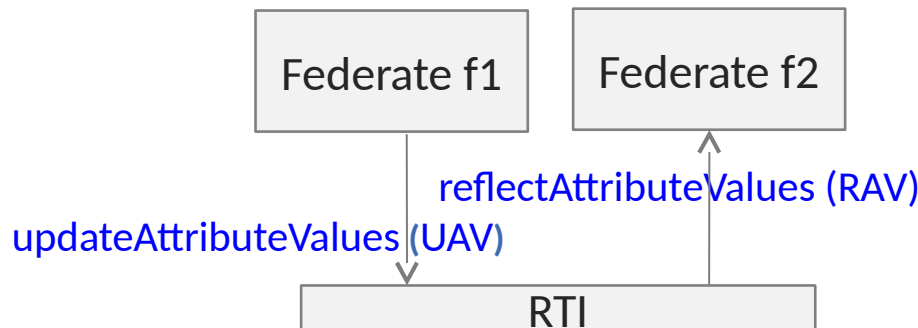
1. R. M. Fujimoto. Time Management in the high level architecture
2. G. Lasnier, J. Cardoso, P. Siron, C. Pagetti and P. Derler. Distributed simulation of heterogeneous and real-time systems. In DS-RT13
3. U. of Berkeley. The ptolemy project. <http://ptolemy.eecs.berkeley.edu/ptolemyII/index.htm>
4. ONERA. Certi. http://www.nongnu.org/certi/certi_doc/Install/html/intro.html
5. D. Come. Improving hla-ptolemy co-simulation framework.
6. Y. LI. A Distributed Simulation Environment for Cyber-physical systems.

HLA Time Management



- Distributed Events Ordering <->
Time Management <->
Time Advancing mechanisms
- The federation will be conservative, deterministic and repeatable.
- The federates can be:
 - Time-Stepped (TAR)
 - Event-Driven (NER)

HLA Object Management



- UAV(object,attribute,timestamp)
- RAV(object,attribute,timestamp)

Data & Time Management

- Time "synchronization"
 - A local PtlI event is safely computed if no (external) HLA events can arrive with a smaller timestamp
 - A PtlI federate declares its time advancement proposal to the federation through **proposeTime()**

